

## **SEND** provision in Music

Cognition and Learning		Communication and Interaction	
Learning Challenges	Provision	Learning Challenges	Provision
<ul> <li>Accessing reading/written work</li> <li>Poor memory and recall skills</li> <li>Recording written work or feedback to listening/appraising activities</li> <li>Poor sequencing skills – understanding the steps modelled</li> <li>Linking learning</li> <li>Reading musical symbols</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use of symbols, larger print, colour coding, multi sensory reinforcement.</li> <li>Use of overlays, coloured paper</li> <li>A greater emphasis on modelling and scaffolding for learning – smaller visual steps.</li> <li>Use word banks/vocabulary mats which include pictures.</li> <li>A working wall showing each lesson's focus and how successive lessons or topics link together to develop a mind map, including symbols, images or objects to make it more accessible. Repeat or display important information.</li> <li>Use videos to show the children the expectations in a clear way, use ICT to allow them to re-watch if needed, step by step – not having to rely on their short, or long term memories.</li> <li>New learning fits into the framework of what the pupil already knows – explicit links to prior learning</li> <li>Smart grouping – pairing with a more able reader/writer.</li> <li>Build in lots of repetition.</li> <li>Give additional time for processing</li> <li>Use of task boards – tick list of steps</li> <li>Alternative methods of recording – drawing, voice recording, typing, mind maps, symbols, use of a scribe, matching activity, sticking activity, missing words</li> <li>Minimise copying from the board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Being able to use expressive language</li> <li>Understanding and using new topic vocabulary.</li> <li>Word finding difficulties</li> <li>Following instructions and sequences.</li> <li>Levels of concentration</li> <li>Retention of new vocabulary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use different forms of communication</li> <li>Have pre-arranged prompts</li> <li>Use visual support</li> <li>Pre-teaching of new vocabulary prior to the lesson</li> <li>Send vocabulary word mats home before the topic begins</li> <li>Limit vocabulary to that which is necessary to ensure progress</li> <li>Limit instructions – use short steps</li> <li>Social stories.</li> <li>Children are allowed time to discuss the answers to questions, and evaluate work with peers</li> <li>Children with communication impairments are given time to think about questions before being required to respond.</li> <li>Prompt cards to help with understanding of question words</li> <li>Word finding strategies</li> <li>Pre teaching of lyrics</li> <li>Songs with repetition</li> <li>Working with untuned instruments</li> <li>Use of puppets, characters to support language and understanding</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Pre teaching of vocabulary, lyrics, texts</li> <li>Adapt how musical notation is represented</li> <li>Use of visual support</li> <li>Additional time to practise</li> <li>Songs with repetition</li> <li>Working with untuned instruments</li> <li>Vertical concepts</li> <li>Teaching songs by rote supports memory development - The combination of melody and words in singing helps the development of memory.</li> </ul>		
Physical and/or Sensory  Learning Challenge Provision		Social, Emotional and Mental Health  Learning Challenge Provision	
<ul> <li>Difficulties with fine and gross motor skills</li> <li>Difficulties with planning</li> <li>Organisational skills</li> <li>Hearing impairment</li> <li>Visual impairment</li> <li>Colour vision deficiencies</li> <li>Physical needs</li> <li>Sensory overload</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide sources and themes which are matched to the needs of the child</li> <li>Adapted instruments</li> <li>Support of the child to avoid conflict/sensory overload – consider ear defenders, a quiet space to work in/an effective way for a child to communicate any distress</li> <li>Use of hand over hand</li> <li>Consider seating position for hearing/vision impaired pupils</li> <li>Consider lighting/blinds</li> <li>Multi-sensory learning</li> <li>Reduce need to copy from board (visual impairment)</li> <li>Allow the child plenty of space to work</li> <li>Gain pupil's attention before important information is given</li> <li>Working with untuned instruments</li> <li>Pre teaching of the pulse</li> <li>Moving helps pupils to begin to internalise rhythmic and pitch concepts eg marching</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understanding own thoughts and contrasting with those of others</li> <li>Working effectively as part of a group</li> <li>No resilience - feeling they aren't any good – resulting in lack of care and effort</li> <li>Difficulty concentrating and maintaining attention to a task</li> <li>Difficulties sitting still</li> <li>Hypervigilance</li> <li>Over stimulated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Working in a small group with a trusted adult for emotional support.</li> <li>Pre-teaching</li> <li>Clear rules and expectations, consistent boundaries, rewards and sanctions.</li> <li>Praise the small steps and showcase their work – be proud.</li> <li>Visual support</li> <li>Task boards</li> <li>Movement breaks</li> <li>Use of fiddle toys/wobble cushions</li> <li>Provide opportunities for multisensory learning</li> <li>Use of safe space</li> <li>The transition from whole-class to group or independent work, and back, is clearly signalled.</li> <li>Bespoke pre-arrangements with parents, pupils and staff around performances and performing to an audience for</li> </ul>

those with additional needs.
Alternative options available
to still be part of the audience
(technical, stage
management etc)

