## Judaism and Hinduism

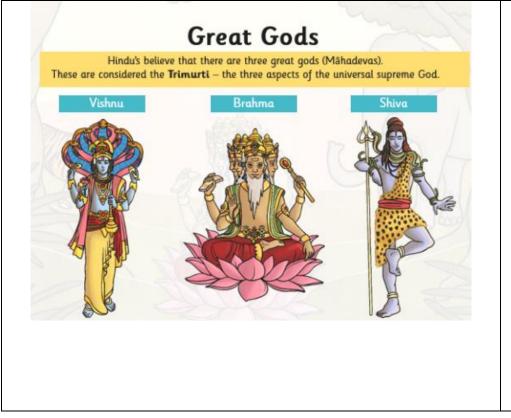
This term our RE focus is on what Jews and Hindus believe about their gods. We will look at how both religions started and the key beliefs surrounding their gods. We will then compare the similarities and differences between these beliefs.

Key facts	Key Vocabulary
<ul> <li>What do Jews believe about their gods?</li> <li>Jews believe that there is only one God. They believe they have a special agreement with God called a covenant. Jews promise to obey God's laws to say thank you to him for looking after them.</li> <li>What do Hindus believe about their gods?</li> <li>Hindus believe in a universal soul or God called Brahman.</li> <li>Brahman takes on many forms that some Hindus worship as gods or goddesses in their own right. Hindus believe that there is a part of Brahman in everyone and this is called the Atman.</li> <li>The three great Hindu gods are called the Trimurti. They are called VIshnu, Brahma and Shiva.</li> </ul>	God/Goddess: A god is a male god and a goddess is a female god. Avatar: a manifestation of a god in a person on earth. Trimurti: three aspects of the universal supreme god. Brahman: Universal soul or God. Covenant: an agreement Judaism: The religion followed by Jews. Hinduism: The religion followed by Hindus.

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Prior Learning:	Following on:
Year 3: Why is the Torah so important to Jewish people? How and why do people pray.	Year 4:
	Judaism and Hinduism:
	What do different people believe about God?
	Year 5:
	Hinduism and Judaism
	If God is everywhere, why go to a place of Worship?
	Year 6:
	Judaism and Hinduism: ·
	Why do some people believe God exists?
	• Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.
The 3 great Hindu gods	Where do Hindus worship?

## Judaism and Hinduism



Star of David the Jewish religious symbol

